

# Kingsley CP Knowledge Organiser



Science focus

States of matter

Year 4

Spring Term

### What? (Key knowledge)

#### Changing states

Some materials change state when they are heated or cooled and some of these changes can be reversed.

#### Evaporation

Evaporation occurs when water turns into water vapour. This happens very quickly when the water is hot, like in a kettle, but it can also happen slowly, like a puddle evaporating in the warm air Everyday examples of evaporation: washing drying, water boiling, puddles evaporating on a hot day.

#### Condensation

Condensation is when water vapour is cooled down and turns into water. The water vapour in the air cools when it touches the cold surface. Everyday examples of condensation: water droplets forming inside windows or on a cold glass.

What? (Key	Vocabulary)
Solid	Substance that stays
	the same shape wheth-
	er in a container or
	not
Liquid	Substance that can
	flow and take on the
	shape of a container
Gas	Substance that has no
	fixed shape, like oxy-
	gen
Matter	Any solid, liquid or
	gas that exists in the
	universe
Particle	An extremely small
	unit of matter
Water Vapour	This is water that
	takes the form of a
	gas. When water is
	boiled, it evaporates
	into a water vapour

## The Water Cycle

Condensation and evaporation both happen within the water cycle

A) The water evaporates into the air. The sun heats up water on land and in rivers, lakes and seas and turns into water vapour. The water vapour rises into the air.

- B) Water vapour condenses into clouds. Water in the air cools down and changes back into tiny droplets of liquid water, forming clouds.
- C) Water falls as rain. The clouds get heavy and water falls back to the earth in the form of rain or snow.
- D) Water returns to the sea. Rain water runs over the land and collects in lakes or rivers, which take it back to the sea. The cycle starts all over again.

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precipitation	C transpiration	sun A
	ection if II II II II	evaporation

Temperature		
Boiliing	Water boils at exactly 100 degrees Celsius (100	
Melting Freezing	Different solids melt at different temperatures Ice melts at 0 C Chocolate melts at about 35 C Water freezes at 0 C	
Evaporation and Condensation	Water can evaporate and condense at any temperature. But the warmer it is the faster the evaporation takes place.	



